

Section 1 Product Identification

1.1	Product Name: Dunelm Heavy Duty Adhesive	
1.2	Chemical Name: N/A	
1.3	Article number and barcode: 30076131 / 5 038471 001177	
1.4		
1.5	Product use: Adhesive	
1.8	Emergency Phone: UK +44 (0) 1623 722661 (Mon-Fri; 09:00-17:00)	
1.9	Other: Fax: 01623885971	

Section 2 Hazard Identification

2.1	Hazard Identification: Physical hazards: Aerosol 1 - H222, H229							
	Health hazards: Skin Irrit. 2 - H315, Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336							
	Environmental hazards: Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412							
2.2	Routes of entry Inhalation X Absorption X Ingestion X							
2.3	Effects of exposure							
	Ingestion: There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat.							
	Eyes: There may be irritation and redness. Eyes may water profusely. Irritating to eyes.							
	Skin: Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin. Inhalation: Coughing,							
	chest tightness, feeling of chest pressure. Exposure may cause coughing or wheezing.							
2.4	Symptoms of Over exposure							
	Ingestion: Stomach pain.							
	Eyes: Causes irritation.							
	Skin: Product has a defatting effect on skin.							
	Inhalation: In case of overexposure, organic solvents may depress the central nervous							
	system causing dizziness and intoxication, and at very high concentrations							
	unconsciousness and death.							
2.5	Acute Health Effects							
	Ingestion: There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat.							
	Eyes: There may be irritation and redness.							
	Skin: Redness and irritation							
	Inhalation: Exposure may cause coughing or wheezing.							
2.6	Chronic Health Effects: Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period							
	may lead to permanent health problems. Frequent inhalation of vapours may cause							
	respiratory allergy.							
2.7	Target organs: Central Nervous System, Respiratory System, Lungs, Skin							
2.8	Toxicological Properties:							
	Petroleum Gases, Liquefied; Petroleum Gas; STOT - single exposure: Gas or vapour is							
	harmful on prolonged exposure or in high concentrations. High concentrations may be							
	fatal.							

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane; Aspiration hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

NA= Not Available ND= Not Determined NE= Not Established NF = Not Found C= Celling Limit



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Section 3 Composition & Ingredient Information

Chemical	CAS	RTECs	EINECS	%	Ехро	sure L	imits i	n Air (ı	ng/m2	2)			
Name(s)	No.	No.	No.		ACG	Н	NOH	SC		OSH	Α		Other
					ppm		ppm			ppm)		
					TLV	STEL	ES- TWA	ES- STEL	ES- PEAK	TLV	STEL	IDLH	
Petroleum	68476	N/A	270-	30-	NA	NA	100	NA	NA	NA	NA	2,0	
Gases,	-85-7		704-2	60			0					00	
Liquefied;													
Petroleum Gas													
Acetone	67-64-	N/A	200-	10-	250	500	500	100	NA	NA	75	2,5	
	1		662-2	30				0			0	00	
Hydrocarbons,	-	N/A	921-	10-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
C6-C7, n-			024-6	30									
alkanes,													
isoalkanes,													
cyclics, <5%													
nhexane													

Section 4 First Aid Measures

4.1	 Frist Aid: Ingestion: Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting. Eyes: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing. If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart. Skin: Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Inhalation: Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep affected person under observation. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.
4.2	Medical Conditions aggravated by expose: Asthma

5. Firefighting Measures

5.1	Flashpoint & method: A flash point method is not available but the major hazardous component, the propellant has a flash point of <-60°C with flammability limits of 10.9% vol. upper and 1.4% vol. lower.				
5.2	Auto-ignition Temperature: Not available				
5.3	Flammability limits Lower explosive limit (LEL) 1.4% Upper explosive limit (UEL) 10.9%				
5.4	Extinguishing methods: Water spray, dry powder or carbon dioxide. Alcohol-resistant foam. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.				
5.5	 Firefighting Procedures: Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control runoff water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. 				
Additior	ditional information:				



Section 6. Accidental release measures

6.1	Spills: Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Collect spillage for reclamation or disposal in sealed containers via a licensed waste contractor. Avoid water contacting spilled material or leaking containers. Approach the spillage from upwind. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.
6.2	Any other forms of release: Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or
	other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation.

Section 7. Handling & storage information

7.1	Work & Hygiene practices: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not smoke in work area. Clean equipment and the work area every day.
7.2	Storage & handling: Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Avoid contact with oxidising agents. Store away from the following materials: Alkalis.
7.3	Special precautions: Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Do not use in confined spaces without adequate ventilation and/or respirator.

7.4 Addi	tional information:
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Section 8. Exposure controls & personal protection

8.1	Ventilation & engineering controls: Provide adequate ventilation. Ensure that the direction of airflow is clearly away from the worker. Use approved respirator if air						
	contamination is above an acceptable level. Observe any occupational exposure limits for						
	the product or ingredients. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust						
	concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof electrical,						
	ventilating and lighting equipment. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.						
8.2	Respiratory protection: If ventilation is inadequate, suitab	le respiratory protection mus	st				
	be worn. In confined or poorly ventilated spaces, a suppli	ed-air respirator must be wor	n.				
	Respiratory protection complying with an approved stand	lard should be worn if a risk					
	assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possib	le. For short term use an AX					
	filter is recommended.	r is recommended.					
8.3	Eye protection: Wear chemical splash goggles. Personal protective equipment for eye						
	face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.						
8.4	Hand protection: To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.						
	Laminate (PE/PA/PE), 2.5mil (0.06mm), >480 min. Nitrile rubber. It should be noted that						
	liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent changes are recommended.						
8.5	Body protection:	HEALTH	2				
		FLAMMABILITY	4				
	In case of inadequate ventilation a mask may need to	PHYSCIAL HAZARDS 3					
	be provided.	SPECIAL EQUIPMENT	С				



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Section 9. Physical & chemical properties

9.1	Density	0.84 @ 20°C for liquid base
9.2	Boiling point	55.8-56.6°C @ 760 mm Hg. Boiling point for Acetone.
		75-93°C @ 760 mm Hg. Boiling point of
		Hydrocarbons C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics.
9.3	Melting point	Not available
9.4	Evaporation rate	Not available
9.5	Vapour pressure	4-6 bar
9.6	Molecular weight	Not applicable
9.7	Appearance & colour	Liquid. Spray.
9.8	Odour threshold	Not available
9.9	Solubility	Not miscible with water
9.10	рН	Not available
9.11	Viscosity	50-150cP @ 20°C
9.12	Other information	This product contains a maximum VOC content of

544 g/l.		
		544 g/l.

Section 10. Stability & reactivity

10.1	Stability: Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Highly volatile.
10.2	Hazardous Decomposition products: Oxides of carbon. Will not decompose when stored at ambient temperature in recommended conditions.
10.3	Hazardous polymerization: Will not polymerise
10.4	Conditions to avoid: Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Avoid the accumulation of vapours in low or confined areas.
10.5	Incompatible substances: Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis.

Section 11. toxicological information

11.1	Toxicity data:			
	Mixture:			
11.2	Acute toxicity: Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead			
	to permanent health problems. Frequent inhalation of vapours may cause respiratory			
	allergy.			
11.3	Chronic toxicity: Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may			
	lead to permanent health problems. Frequent inhalation of vapours may cause			
	respiratory allergy.			
11.4	Suspected toxicity: Low			
11.5	Reproductive toxicity: Not classified			
	Mutagenicity: Not classified			
	Embryo toxicity: Not classified			
	Teratogenicity: Not classified			
	Reproductive toxicity: Not classified			
11.6	Irritancy of product: Irritating to skin and eyes			
11.7	Biological exposure indices: Not available			
11.8	Physician recommendations: Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. The			
	following symptoms may occur: Nausea, headache, dizziness, coughing and breathing			
	difficulty. If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart.			
11.9	Additional information			



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Section 12. Ecological information

12.1	Environmental stability: Readily absorbed into soil. The product contains volatile organic
	compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. This product does not
	contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.2	Effect on plants & animals: Not available
12.3	Effect on aquatic life: The product contains substances which are toxic to aquatic
	organisms and which may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Section 13. Disposal consideration

13.1	Waste Disposal: Full or Partially Empty Aerosol: 16 05 04, Empty Aerosol: 15 01 10 (Containing hazardous residues). Empty Aerosol: 15 01 04 (No hazardous residues).
13.2	Special Considerations: Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.

Section 14. Transportation information

The basic description (ID number, proper shipping name, hazard class & division, packing group) is shown for each mode of transport. Additional descriptive information may be required by 49 CFR. IATA/ICAO, IMDG, TDGR, SCT and ADGR			
14.1	49 CFR (GND): Not known		
14.2	IATA (AIR): UN1950, AEROSOLS, hazard class 2.1, packing group not applicable		
14.3	IMDG (OCN): UN1950, AEROSOLS, hazard class 2.1, packing group not applicable		
14.4	TDGR (Canadian GND): UN1950, AEROSOLS, hazard class 2.1, packing group not applicable		
14.5	ADR/RID (EU): UN1950, AEROSOLS, hazard class 2.1, packing group not applicable		
14.6	Mexico (SCT): Not known		
14.7	ADGR (AUS): Not known		

Section 15. regulatory information

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15.1	U.S EPA SARA reporting requirements
15.2	U.S EPA SARA Threshold planning quantity
15.3	U.S EPA TSCA Inventory Status
15.4	U.S EPA CERCLA reportable quantity (RQ)
15.5	Other U.S Federal Requirements
15.6	Other regulations: The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824).
	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18
	December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of
	Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).
	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16
	December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as
	amended).
15.7	U.S State regulatory Information
15.8	67/548/EEC (European Union) and Australia NOHSC:2011 (2003) requirements



Section 16. Other information

16.1	Other information:
16.2	Terms & definitions: Please refer to last page.
16.3	Disclaimers: This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.
16.4	Prepared for:
16.5	Company full address:

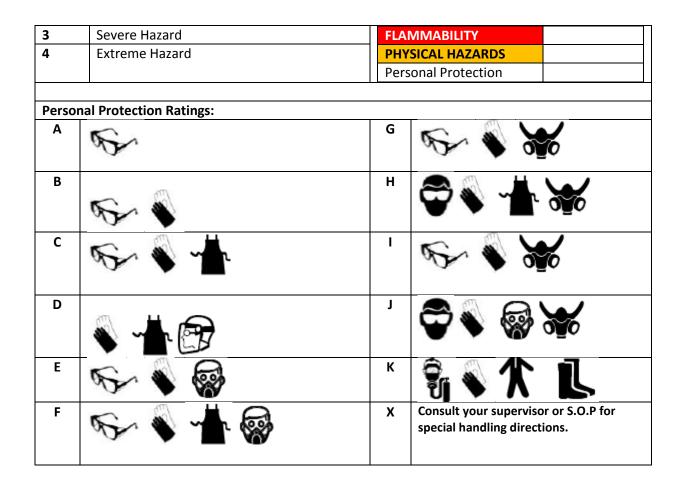


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Definitions of terms

A large number of abbreviation and acronyms appear on a MSDS. Some of these that are commonly used include the following:

General information					
CAS No.		Chemical abstract service number			
Expos	ure limits	in the air			
ACGIH		American conference on governm	nental industrial hygienists		
TLV		Threshold limit value			
OSHA		U.S occupational safety and healt	h administration		
PEL		Permissible exposure limit			
IDLH		Immediately dangerous to life an	d health		
Frist Aid measures					
CPR	Cardiopulmonary resuscitation- method in which a person whose heart has				
	stopped receives manual chest compressions and breathing to circulate blo		o circulate blood		
	and provide oxygen to the body.				
Hazar	Hazardous materials identification systems: HMISH				
Health, Flammability & reactivity ratings					
0	Minimal Ha	zard		Hazard rating	
1	Slight Hazard HEALTH				
2	Moderate Hazard				





Definitions of terms

A large number of abbreviation and acronyms appear on a MSDS. Some of these that are commonly used include the following:

Personal Protection ratings:

S.	- 🇳		Ę) -	X	L	Ĵ	*	*	STO
Saftey glasses	Gloves	Face shield &eye protection	Splash goggles	Synthetic Apron	Full suit	Boots	Airline Hood/ mask	Full face respirator	Vapor respirator	Dust & vapor respirator
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Flammability limits in air			
Auto ignition	Minimum temperature required to initiate combustion in air with no other source		
temperature	of ignition.		
LEL	Lower explosive limit- lowest percent of vapour in air, by volume that will explode		

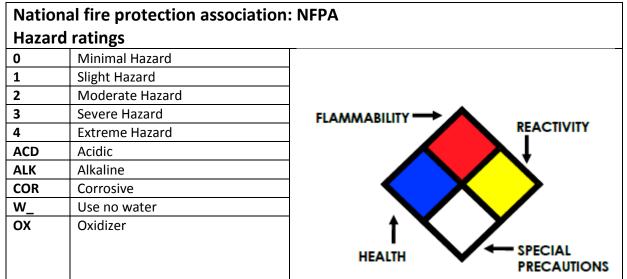
	or ignite in the presence of an ignition source.
UEL	Upper explosive limit- highest percent of vapour in air, by volume, that will
	explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source.

Other Standard abbreviations:		
NA	Not available	
NR	No results	
NE	Not established	
NF	Not found	
ND	Not determined	
ML	Maximum limit	
SCBA	Self- contained breathing apparatus	



Definitions of terms

A large number of abbreviation and acronyms appear on a MSDS. Some of these that are commonly used include the following:



Toxicological information				
LD 50	Lethal dose (solids & liquids) which kills 50% of the exposed animals			
LC 50	Lethal concentration (gases) which kills 50% of the exposed animals			
ppm	Concentration expressed in parts of material per million parts			

TD 10	Lowest dose to cause a symptom				
TCL0	Lowest concentration to cause a symptom				
TD10,	Lowest dose (or Concentration) to cause lethal or toxic effects				
LD10 &					
LD ₀ or					
TC, TC₀,					
LC10, &					
LC0					
IARC	International agency for research on cancer				
NTP	National toxicology program				
RTECS	Registry of toxic effect chemical substances				
BCF	Bio concentration factor				
TLm	Median threshold limit				
Log Kow	Coefficient of oil/water distribution				
or Log Koc					



Definitions of terms

A large number of abbreviation and acronyms appear on a MSDS. Some of these that are commonly used include the following:

Regulatory information						
CPR	Canada's controlled product regulations					
DOT	U.S. Department of transport					
EPA	U.S Environmental protection agency					
EU	European Union (European union directive 67/548/EEC)					
DSL	Canadian domestic substance list					
МАК	Mandat und die arbeitsweise der commission (work ares commission)					
NDSL	Canadian non- domestic substance list					
NOHSC	National occupational health & safety code (Australia)					
PSL	Canadian Priority substances list					
ТС	Transport Canada					
TSCA	U.S toxic substance control act					
WHMIS	Canadian workplace hazardous material information system					

EC Information

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С	E	F	Ν	0	T+	Xi	Xn
Corrosive	Explosive	Flammable	Harmful	Oxidizing	Toxic	Irritant	Harmful

WHMIS Information

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Α	в	С	D1	D2	D3	E	F
Compressed	Flammable	Oxidizing	Toxic	Irritation	Infectious	Corrosive	Reactive